

# LIEGE HAS FALLEN BUT BELGIANS HOLD THEIR FORTS --ENTHUSIASM IN BERLIN

**Germans Lost Five Thousand Killed Before They Secured The City—Communication With City Ceased at Noon, Says Brussels Despatch.**

BERLIN, VIA LONDON, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Liege has fallen and the news of the German victory has been received here with great rejoicing. The news of the receipt of official information of the fall of the Belgian city spread with lightning rapidity throughout Berlin, creating boundless enthusiasm.

The Emperor sent his aide to announce the capture to the crowds assembled outside of the imperial palace.

## NO WORD SINCE NOON SATURDAY.

LONDON, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—A despatch from Brussels says that communication with Liege was broken off at noon yesterday, an indication that the city had been captured by the German invaders.

It is still possible, says the Brussels despatch, to communicate with Tongres, a town eleven miles northwest of Liege.

## A BLOODY CONFLICT.

PARIS, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—An official account of the battle of Liege gives the German loss as five thousand killed, and twenty-four guns and one general captured by the Belgians. The number of Germans in the attack was one hundred and twenty thousand, opposed to which were forty thousand Belgians.

The Belgians still hold the forts, which are intact.

## BATTLE DESPERATELY FOUGHT.

BRUSSELS, August 8.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The latest reports received from Liege, before communication was interrupted, tell of fierce fighting for possession of the city. In the trenches the dead were piled four deep, bodies of Germans and Belgians being mixed in the heaps of the slaughtered.

A German division, which had penetrated the city early in the day, was driven back when Belgian reinforcements arrived.

In recognition of the gallantry of the defense, it was announced that President Poincaré of France had bestowed the Cross of the Legion of Honor upon the city of Liege.

French cavalry, coming to the assistance of the Liege garrison, was about to enter the city when the Germans finally succeeded in making good their foothold within the lines.

## NO NIGHT FIGHTING.

PARIS, August 8.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—An official despatch received here at noon yesterday from Liege stated that yesterday morning found the Germans resting from the fighting of the day before, while the Belgians held all the forts and positions.

## REPORT PRINCE CAPTURED.

BRUSSELS, Belgium, August 8.—The newspaper *Peuple* says that the Belgian forces have captured Prince George, commanding a regiment of German cavalry. He is a relative of the Kaiser's.

# Naval Engagement In The Adriatic Is Reported

LONDON, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—A Milan despatch yesterday to the *Daily Chronicle* states that a steamer arriving at Trieste reports that a naval engagement has been fought in the Adriatic Sea. A hundred wounded Austrians have been conveyed to the Austrian naval station at Pola, some twenty-five miles south of Trieste.

Word was received here officially yesterday that the German cruisers Goebel and Breslau had entered the Adriatic, while a report from Rome, coming via Paris, states that the German cruiser Augsburg has been sunk in the Baltic by Russian torpedoes.

## SERBIA DECLARES WAR ON GERMANY.

A report from Vienna to the *Daily Telegraph* is to the effect that Serbia has formally declared war upon Germany and that the German minister at Belgrade has been handed his passport. The presence of the German minister has been an embarrassment to the Serbians, and it is reported that the declaration of war was made principally to get rid of him.

## AUSTRIANS IN POLAND.

BERLIN, VIA LONDON, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Austrian cavalry crossed the Russian line yesterday into Poland, occupying the towns of Olkusz and Wolbrun.

## CHOLERA APPEARS.

ROME, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—It is reported here that cholera has made its appearance among the Austrian and Serbian troops in and around Belgrade.

A report from Visegrad, Serbia, states that the Austrians have evacuated the town and that it has been taken possession of again by the Serbians.

# British Troops Landed Yesterday In Belgium

LONDON, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Reports from Paris state that British transports, conveyed by a strong fleet of cruisers, landed twenty thousand British troops yesterday at Ostend and Dunkirk, on the Belgian coast, and at Calais, France. These troops are being rushed to Namur, in South Belgium, to join the allied Belgian-French army there, where another stand will be made to hold back the Germans, attempting to reach France.

The British troops have been received with enthusiasm by the Belgians and French.

## BRITISH MOVE IN AFRICA.

According to press despatches, a British force has seized the German colonial possession of Togoland, a portion of German West Africa.

Parliament yesterday authorized the authorities to seize all food stuff in Great Britain as an emergency war measure.

# French Fight Successful Battle On German Soil and Take a City

PARIS, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—A French force yesterday crossed the German border and has successfully made a stand on German soil, defeating the German garrison at Altkirch and moving forward to the important center of Muelhausen, on the main line of the Strasbourg and Basel railroad, running through the Province of Alsace.

The French invaders crossed the line on Friday afternoon, their advance being before Altkirch on Friday evening. The town was defended by strong earthworks, behind which a brigade of German troops had taken up their position. The French were about even in numbers.

## A BAYONET CHARGE.

After a short exchange of infantry fire, the French charged the defenses and carried the works at the point of the bayonet, the Germans fleeing. The French pursued, inflicting heavy losses upon the enemy.

Following this success, the invading brigade advanced towards Muelhausen, about eighteen miles from the French line, entering that city last night. The city has a population in excess of twenty-five thousand.

## CREUSOT'S GIFT TO FRANCE.

The French government yesterday received a very welcome gift from the owners of the Creusot Steel Works in the shape of one hundred and four cannon, of the latest model, equipment for twenty-six batteries. These guns were just turned out by the Creusot works on orders from foreign governments before the war, and are of a new type, the latest word in field artillery.

## AUSTRIA WAITS ON FORMALITIES.

Reports from Vienna are to the effect that Austria will not take part in any attacks in the Mediterranean upon British vessels, inasmuch as there has been no formal declaration of war either sent to Vienna from London, or from London to Vienna, and technically the diplomatic communications between the two countries have not been broken off.

## PORTUGAL WILL HELP BRITAIN.

LISBON, Portugal, August 8.—The Republic of Portugal will assist Great Britain under ancient treaty obligations. Three divisions of the Portuguese army have been ordered mobilized.

## TWO GERMAN CRUISERS REACH ADRIATIC.

LONDON, England, August 8.—The German cruisers Goeben and Breslau, which were rushed out of the port of San Gaetano, Sicily, yesterday are reported today to be entering the Adriatic Sea.

ANTWERP, Belgium, August 8.—The Belgian government has seized 36 German vessels here.

PARIS, France, August 8.—The Norwegian steamer *Tyslas* has struck a mine off the island of Wieringen and has been beached.

## AUSTRIANS INVADING ROUMANIA NOW.

BUKHAREST, Roumania, August 8.—Advices from the Roumanian frontier state that Austrian soldiers have crossed the border and burned several villages.

# Germans In America Ask for Square Deal from Press

NEW YORK, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The members of the United German Alliance of America yesterday passed a series of resolutions, the principal one of which calls upon the press of the United States to accord, in its news and editorial columns "impartial and just treatment to all sides engaged in the war in Europe."

The resolutions absolve the Kaiser from responsibility for the war, which the members of the alliance attribute to "French desire to revenge the loss of Alsace-Lorraine, Russia's unappeasable appetite for world power and England's jealousy of Germany."

# Leipzig and Rainbow May Meet In Battle Off Coast

SAN FRANCISCO, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The second mate of the German steamer *Alexandria*, which arrived here carrying \$600,000 in specie as a part of her cargo, making port two hours after the arrival of the Canadian cruiser *Rainbow*, states that the German cruiser *Leipzig* conveyed the liner up the coast. The *Rainbow* and the *Leipzig* may meet off the coast in a trial of strength.

# Murphy Says He Got The Goat of Judge Kingsbury

Wailuku Attorney Coming on Maui, Well Pleased With His Trip to Washington.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 1.—(By Mail Special to The Advertiser)—Attorney Eugene Murphy of Wailuku, Maui, who went to Washington to oppose the reappointment of Judge Seligman B. Kingsbury to succeed himself as judge of the second circuit court of Maui, returned yesterday from the National Capital and will depart for Honolulu by the steamer *Manoa*, which is due to leave here on August 5.

Interviewed by the correspondent of The Advertiser, Attorney Murphy stated that he had certainly got Judge Kingsbury's "goat," and that without question W. S. Edings of Honolulu would be nominated and confirmed as the circuit judge for the Maui circuit.

"I am entirely satisfied with the trouble and expense I had in leaving Honolulu for Washington to oppose the reappointment of Judge Kingsbury," stated Mr. Murphy, "and I am also positive that Attorney Edings of Honolulu will be the next circuit judge of Maui."

According to news published in The Advertiser yesterday morning, Judge Edings was confirmed in his appointment as judge of the Valley Island circuit on Friday afternoon.

## TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

# WILL CHARTER SHIPS FOR AMERICANS ABROAD

WASHINGTON, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Secretary of War Garrison has practically decided to charter a number of ships belonging to citizens of neutral nations of Europe to bring home the thousands of stranded Americans on the continent.

# GIRLS DROWN IN PLANTATION DITCH

Two little Japanese girls, Mitsui Tamura, aged ten years, and Sato Akasaka, aged six years, were drowned about half-past nine o'clock last Sunday morning, at Maui, in the Koolau ditch, near the Lilikoi pineapple camp.

Both bodies were recovered by Fuji-hara, a Japanese pineapple grower, to whom the distracted mother of the Tamura girl ran for help when she discovered they had fallen into the stream. The little ones had been in the water only a short time, but help arrived too late.

The Tamura house is situated near the big ditch. The mother was out on the banks of the stream with the children and left them for a moment to go into the house. When she returned both girls were missing, and she ran along the bank and discovered them in the water, struggling with the swift current. Mitsui, her own child called pitifully to her mother, and the woman ran along the bank nearly frantic, not daring to jump into the ditch, which was nearly full of water running with considerable force. She called continuously for help, and was finally overhauled by Fuji-hara, who plunged in heroically and dragged both girls from the water. They were laid out on the grassy bank of the stream, but life was extinct.

# ROME GIVEN THE CHOICE BETWEEN WAR AND WAR

Must Either Fight With Germany and Austria, or Fight Against Them—Italian People Offer Services to France and Want to Fight Against Austria.

ROME, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The insistence of Germany and Austria that Italy join them in war against the Powers of the Triple Entente has reached the stage when Italy herself is threatened with war by her former allies. The two Powers have given Rome the choice between war against them, or war with them as allies. What practically amounts to an ultimatum has been received here in a joint note from Berlin and Vienna.

## WILL INVADE ITALY.

The threat to declare war, in the event that Italy persists in her neutrality, is a direct one, and the invasion of Italy by Austrian forces is said to be already planned out. The intimation in the joint note is that an Austrian army will be marched into the Provinces of Venetia and Lombardy, and those two provinces given to Austria as spoils of war, while, if Italy agrees to the demand upon her and carries out the terms of the Triple Alliance, she will be given territory as a reward, presumably a section of Southeast France.

## APPEAL TO KING VICTOR.

Germany has already made a vain appeal personally to King Victor, whose reply has been that Italy, having proclaimed her neutrality will maintain it.

Italy's relations to the Triple Alliance and her obligations under that agreement have been discussed in every phase, but the consensus of opinion is that this country will never agree to war upon France.

## PEOPLE AGAINST AUSTRIA.

All manifestations of sympathy for any of the contending Powers is being rigidly suppressed among the officials of the government and the attempt is being made to prevent any popular expressions of sympathy, but everywhere spontaneous bursts of enthusiasm for France are manifested.

At the French embassy here and at the French consulates throughout the country, many offers of services as volunteers for the French army are being received from Italians, whose expressed hope is to be led in war against Austria.

SALTILLO, Mexico, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Provisional President Carranza has instructed Gen. Pancho Villa to start the movement of his division south, to participate in the campaign against the City of Mexico. This means that the Constitutionalists will have a force of 25,000 men operating against the capital.

Military men believe that the Federalists will recognize the futility of opposing this force.

It was announced yesterday that Carranza will personally take command of the entire force operating against the City of Mexico.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Unanimous consent was refused yesterday in the Senate for the consideration of the President's emergency measure to amend the Panama Canal Act admitting foreign-built ships to American registers. The measure consequently failed to reach its third reading.

The two senators who objected were Democrats, Pomeroy of Ohio and Saulsbury of Delaware.

# SHRINERS TO INVADE MAUI

On August Twenty-first the Sad Event Will Come Off—Coming of Berger's Band Is the One Thing Maui Counts on to Dispel the Accompanying Gloom.

## (From Sunday Advertiser.)

The following notification to Shriner and prospective Shriner is strong indication that there is to be trouble on Maui at an early date, that is to say on or about Saturday, August 22. Translated into English the notice reads:

"In the exercise of his supreme power, no matter whether wisely exercised or not, illustrious Potentate Fred. C. Smith hath decreed that a ceremonial Session of the Shrine shall be held at Wailuku (Arabic name El-hoe) on the island of Maui (in Arabic El-Haleakala) on Saturday afternoon, August 22, 1914.

## A Picked Company.

"On the evening of August 21, 1914, at 9:30 p.m., the palatial steamer El-Jezabel (in Hawaiian Mauna Loa) will depart from Honolulu for Kahului. No body but the crew (to provide safety), the steward's department (to provide sustenance of every nature and condition of solidity), Herr Berger and his associates (to furnish Arabic music), and Nobles will be permitted on board.

"Collector of Customs Noble Franklin, who has sufficient authority in the premises, has suspended all embarrassing navigation regulations, and no noble need fear arrest by the federal authorities.

"The El-Jezabel will arrive at Kahului on Saturday at daylight. The illustrious Potentate has by special dispensation from the Imperial Potentate arranged that daylight shall occur at 7 a.m.

"Between daylight Saturday and the hour of the Ceremonial, Nobles may do as they please, consistent with few laws, ordinances and regulations as the Potentate may not be able to have suspended.

## Parade Planned.

"Provided streets can be discovered, and their use secured, the usual street parade will occur. If this cannot be done one of the numerous sugar plantations will be confiscated and utilized for the purpose.

"And in any event the traditional banquet, following the conclusion of the Session, will not be omitted.

"Nobles who desire to slumber at any time may do so on the El-Jezabel. It is considered that the number will be negligible. However, during the day of the vessel at Kahului opportunity will be afforded the steward's department to recuperate after the strenuous efforts of its members to make the trip from Honolulu comfortable, and Nobles who desire provender will be compelled to do their own rustling.

"Some time Sabbath evening—hour to be determined by circumstances—the El-Jezabel will lift anchor and head straight for Honolulu as the condition of the skipper shall permit. No matter what hour she may depart, and no matter what the skipper's condition may be, Nobles who may wish to, and are able to, may walk ashore at Honolulu at the six o'clock whistle blows on Monday morning, August 24.

"You may secure this lovely sea trip and the luxuries of the banquet for the sum total of fifteen simoleons—cheaper than staying at home.

"The owners of the El-Jezabel want to know as soon as possible—and so does the Potentate—just how many life preservers must be provided."

## Already on Guard.

"The Maui News in its latest issue adopts a hopeful view of the situation. The News is looking forward to the arrival of Berger's band as being the event of the excursion and has this to say:

"The Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Aloha Temple, will arrive in Wailuku on Saturday, August 22, about a hundred men strong, on a special steamer from Honolulu. It will be the first time in the history of Maui that the Shriner have honored it with a visit. It is a significant sign of the times, an indication that the get together spirit is not dead but gaining in strength, the people of the different islands meeting in social intercourse as never before.

"This visit of the Shriner is one of the biggest things that ever happened to Maui. Berger's famous band will accompany the Shriner and give two grand concerts here, one at the Wailuku baseball grounds on Saturday evening, and one outside the courthouse on Sunday afternoon. Band stands will be erected, and electric light will be supplied at the Saturday evening concert by the Island Electric Company. A big banquet is to be given at the Maui Hotel Saturday night. An Arab Patrol headed by Berger's band will parade the streets.

"The chartered steamer will remain in the Kahului harbor until Sunday night, when the pilgrims return to Honolulu."

## TEETHING CHILDREN.

Teething children have more or less diarrhoea, which can be controlled by giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All that is necessary is to give the prescribed dose after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. Even the most severe and dangerous cases are quickly cured by it. For sale by all dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# SENSATIONAL UNCONFIRMED NEWS COMES

**Nippu Jiji Startles Japanese Community Here by Cable from Tokio Stating That Ultimatum Had Come from America.**

## (From Sunday Advertiser.)

The Nippu Jiji, the widely circulated Japanese afternoon local daily, threw the Japanese community of Honolulu into excitement yesterday and aroused a feeling of considerable alarm among those Americans who read translations by the publication of a long and highly sensational cablegram from Tokio. The sensational cablegram from Tokio, the gist of the cable report from the Japanese capital is that the United States Ambassador there had delivered to the Japanese government what was said practically to amount to an ultimatum. The press of Tokio was said to be highly incensed and a portion of the populace would be demanding war with the United States.

Absolutely no confirmation of the report could be obtained by The Advertiser. Neither Major General Carter nor Admiral Moore could throw any light upon the matter, while the Associated Press was in ignorance of any ultimatum or note, which Ambassador Guthrie had delivered at Tokio yesterday. The local representative of the Associated Press cabled the facts of the Jiji special to San Francisco. The Advertiser following this with a request for verification or denial. The reply of the Associated Press, after making inquiries at Washington, was that no confirmation was obtainable from any source.

## JAPANESE BELIEVE IT.

The city editor of the Jiji, whose translation The Advertiser is using, appeared to put implicit faith in the truth of the cable news, explaining that the strict government censorship of the cable service made it an impossibility that such news could be sent if it were not authentic and if the government did not desire it to be sent to America.

## NATION STARTLED.

The text of the cable received by the Jiji is:

"TOKIO, August 8.—The receipt in Tokio from the Washington government of a radical note resembling an ultimatum in its tones, with every possibility that refusal might well lead to open war between Japan and the United States, today startled the whole nation. The excitement among the populace is great and it is freely admitted by those in close touch with diplomatic affairs that the American-Japanese situation is now critically tense.

## GUTHRIE PRESENTED NOTE.

"Acting upon direct instructions from the state department at Washington, Ambassador Guthrie, American representative at Tokio, early this morning made a sudden call at the Japanese foreign office, where he handed to Baron Kato, the foreign minister, a note protesting against Japan's participation in the war in the Far East.

## THREATENED WITH FLEET.

"The American note, the contents of which, though withheld, your correspondent here is able to hear from a reliable source, demands Japan's declaration of neutrality, notwithstanding Japan's obligation to the existing Anglo-Japanese alliance. 'Should Japan refuse to comply with the demand made by this country,' the American note is said to assert, 'the situation in the Far East makes it advisable that the American Atlantic fleet should be dispatched to Chinese waters at once. This government is determined to enforce the preservation of peace in the Chinese Republic. The American fleet is held now in readiness to pass to the Pacific through the Panama Canal.'

## JAPANESE AROUSED.

"It was the receipt of this note from Ambassador Guthrie that aroused the whole nation. Baron Kato, the foreign minister, soon hurried to the residence of Count Okuma, premier, who held a conference with his foreign minister. Later in the day Field Marshal Prince Arimura Yamaoka, Prince Oyama and Marquis Matsunaga, as well as every member of the present ministry, were notified of the happening. They are to meet in conference tonight at the Premier's residence to discuss the demand from the United States and formulate Japan's reply. Considerable fear is entertained that an emergency may arise between the two nations.

## TOKIO PRESS ANGRY.

"As soon as it became known that a new difficulty had arisen between Japan and America, the influential Japanese press such as the Jiji, Asahi, Kokumin and Hochi, voiced vigorous denunciation of the American demand. That portion of the Japanese nation which a year ago demanded that the government should declare war upon America over the anti-Japanese legislation of California is again aroused."

## Highly Improbable.

The cablegram to the Jiji must be read in conjunction with two Associated Press dispatches from Washington published in The Advertiser yesterday and on Friday.

Friday's dispatch read: "The Chinese government is making a supreme effort to keep their country from being made the theater of war in the Orient. The Chinese minister conferred with Secretary Bryan in regard to this today."

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